How do batteries work simplified



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Esploro Company is a research and consultancy firm catering to markets in Asia-Pacific, Europe, Middle East, Latin America, and North America. We strongly believe that research and consultancy form the backbone of informed decisions and actions.We are dedicated to empower individuals and organizations through the dissemination of information and open-source intelligence, particularly through our range of research, content, and consultancy services delivered across several lines of business. Esploro embraces the responsibility of doing business that benefits the customers and serves the greater interests of the community.Power

Think of a battery as a small power plant that converts a chemical reaction into electrical energy. Various dry cell (or alkaline) batteries can differ in several ways, but they all have the same basic components. For even more details, visit our What's Inside a Battery page or our Battery Chemistry page.

It's easier to understand how batteries work when you see how they''re put together.

Container -- It all starts with an empty steel can - the battery container.

Cathode Mix --Finely-ground powders of manganese dioxide and conductors that carry a naturally-occurring electrical charge are molded to the inside wall of the empty container.

Separator --Separator paper is inserted to keep the cathode from touching the anode.

Anode --The anode, which carries a negative electrical charge, plus potassium hydroxide electrolyte are then pumped into each container.

Collector --The brass pin, which forms the negative current collector, is inserted into the battery, which is then sealed and capped.

Imagine a world where everything that used electricity had to be plugged in. Flashlights, hearing aids, cell phones and other portable devices would be tethered to electrical outlets, rendering them awkward and cumbersome. Cars couldn't be started with the simple turn of a key; a strenuous cranking would be required to get the pistons moving. Wires would be strung everywhere, creating a safety hazard and an unsightly mess. Thankfully, batteries provide us with a mobile source of power that makes many modern conveniences possible.



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While there are many different types of batteries, the basic concept by which they function remains the same. When a device is connected to a battery, a reaction occurs that produces electrical energy. This is known as an electrochemical reaction. Italian physicist Count Alessandro Volta first discovered this process in 1799 when he created a simple battery from metal plates and brine-soaked cardboard or paper. Since then, scientists have greatly improved upon Volta"s original design to create batteries made from a variety of materials that come in a multitude of sizes.

Today, batteries are all around us. They power our wristwatches for months at a time. They keep our alarm clocks and telephones working, even if the electricity goes out. They run our smoke detectors, electric razors, power drills, mp3 players, thermostats -- and the list goes on. If you're reading this article on your laptop or smartphone, you may even be using batteries right now! However, because these portable power packs are so prevalent, it's very easy to take them for granted. This article will give you a greater appreciation for batteries by exploring their history, as well as the basic parts, reactions and processes that make them work. So cut that cord and click through our informative guide to charge up your knowledge of batteries.

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