



Inverter systems for home

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While solar panels are undeniably important, solar inverters are an equally crucial system component--especially when it comes to creating sustainable energy solutions in homes and buildings around the world.

A solar inverter is a critical aspect of most photovoltaic (PV) power systems, in which energy from direct sunlight is harnessed by solar panels and transformed into usable electricity. Specifically, the inverter is responsible for "inverting" the direct current (DC) produced by solar panels into alternating current (AC), which is the form of electricity used in homes.

This process can be broken down into three key stages:

In essence, the inverter acts as the heart of a solar energy system, pumping generated electricity wherever it needs to go. As the efficiency of your solar inverter will play a significant role in the overall performance of your panels, finding the right system is a crucial factor in designing the optimal PV installation for your property.

For PV installations of all sizes, there are two main types of solar inverters used today: string inverters and microinverters. While discernably different, both technologies can be effectively used to generate usable home electricity, each with its own advantages and disadvantages.

String inverters are a common technology used in global PV installations today. Also known as "central inverters," string inverters connect multiple solar panels together in "strings," which combine the high voltage DC electricity produced before it's transformed into AC power.

Individual solar microinverters are installed underneath each solar panel in your system. By converting DC to AC as close to the source as possible, microinverters can reduce the property risks of high-voltage electricity and allow your solar panels to operate independently of one another.

With the goal of maximizing electricity production and long-term savings, choosing the right inverter is a critical step in the solar energy system design process. To find the right solar inverter or inverters for your installation, you must consider several specific features of your property, including your energy demand, roof complexity, and whether shading will affect your system's performance.

Although string inverters are generally cheaper upfront and at scale, microinverters can often deliver more long-term value for a residential or commercial solar energy system. Premium microinverters are designed to last as long as your solar panels and maximize energy production in systems affected by shading or variable panel performance.

At the end of the day, the choice between a central inverter system or a microinverter design should be made with the help of a professional solar installer. As ultimately this decision will be based on your individual circumstances, it's typically worth examining all system design options before you move forward with an installation.

In both string inverter and microinverter-based systems, installing the right equipment capacity is essential to optimize your solar production without overspending on project costs.

If you're installing microinverters, finding the right capacity is easy because each unit is connected to a single solar panel. To harness the maximum usable solar energy from sunlight, your microinverter's DC input and AC output capacities must be appropriately sized to optimize electricity generation.

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